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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. 09/896,812 6998 06/29/2001 Thomas D. Madden 16303-008030 **EXAMINER** 01/22/2004 500 SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC KISHORE, GOLLAMUDI S 701 FIFTH AVE ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER **SUITE 6300** SEATTLE, WA 98104-7092 1615

DATE MAILED: 01/22/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

٧		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Summary		09/896,812	MADDEN ET AL.	
		Examiner	Art Unit	
		Gollamudi S Kishore, PhD	1615	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cov r sheet with the correspondence address				
Period for Reply				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status				
1) Responsive to co	mmunication(s) filed on <u>19 N</u>	lovember 2003.		
2a)⊠ This action is FIN	IAL. 2b)☐ This	action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Dispositi n of Claims				
4) Claim(s) <u>1-36,38-41 and 43-67</u> is/are pending in the application.				
4a) Of the above	4a) Of the above claim(s) 1-31 and 44-63 is/are withdrawn from consideration.			
5) Claim(s) is	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6) Claim(s) <u>32-36,3</u>	6) Claim(s) <u>32-36,38-41,43 and 64-67</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is	Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) a	re subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.		
Application Papers				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.				
Applicant may not	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1.				
1) Notice of References Cited	(PTO-892)	4) T Intanious Summa	ry (PTO-413) Paper No(s)	
Notice of Draftsperson's Pa		5) Notice of Informa	ry (P10-413) Paper No(s) I Patent Application (PTO-152)	

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DETAILED ACTION

Claims included in the prosecution are 32-36, 38-41, 43 and 64-67.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 38-41 and 43 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kirpotin (6,110,491).

Kirpotin as also pointed out in the previous action, discloses liposomal compositions wherein the active agent is in the precipitated form.

The active agent according to Kirpotin can be any compound with ionizable groups. The active agents suggested by Kirpotin are antineoplastic agents, doxorubicin, vincristin, vinblastine and others. The liposomes are made of various phospholipids including those taught by WO or sphingomyelin; the liposomes contain cholesterol. The lipid drug ratios in Kirpotin also appear to fall within the claimed ratios (abstract; col. 4, line 54 through col. 6, line 18; col. 9, lines 22-67; examples and claims). What are lacking in Kirpotin are the teachings of the anti-neoplastic drug, camptothecin. Although specific examples in Kirpotin use only doxorubicin, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use vinca alkaloids as the active agents with a reasonable

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expectation of success since Kirpotin specifically suggests these agents for the encapsulation in the liposomes.

Applicant's arguments have been fully considered, but are not found to be persuasive. Applicant's arguments mostly pertain to the differences in the method of preparation between Kirpotin and instant application. These arguments are not found to be persuasive since the claims are drawn to compositions and not method of preparation claims.

3. Claims 32-36, 38-41, 43 and 64-67 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over WO 99/13816 in combination with Kirpotin (6,110,491).

As pointed out in the previous action, WO discloses liposomal formulations containing various camptothecins in a precipitated form. According to WO, any phospholipid capable of forming liposomes can be used in preparing liposomes. The liposomes also contain cholesterol. The drug-lipid ratios taught by WO appear to fall within the claimed ratios (abstract, page 8, lines 8 through page 11, line 15; page 12, lines 1-7, Examples 3 and 4 and claims). What are lacking in WO are the teachings of the use of sphingomyelin as the liposome-forming lipid.

Kirpotin as also pointed out in the previous action, discloses liposomal compositions wherein the active agent is in the precipitated form.

The active agent according to Kirpotin can be any compound with ionizable groups. The active agents taught by Kirpotin are antineoplastic agents, doxorubicin, vincristin, vinblastine and others. The liposomes are made of various phospholipids including those taught by WO or sphingomyelin; the liposomes contain cholesterol. The lipid drug

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ratios in Kirpotin also appear to fall within the claimed ratios (abstract; col. 4, line 54 through col. 6, line 18; col. 9, lines 22-67; examples and claims). What are lacking in Kirpotin are the teachings of the anti-neoplastic drug, camptothecin.

The use of sphingomyelin as the bilayer forming lipid in the liposomes of WO would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, with a reasonable expectation of success since Kirpotin while disclosing similar liposomes, teaches that sphingomyelin besides the phospholipids could be used in the formation of liposomes. Alternately, the use of camptothecins taught by WO as the anti-neoplastic drug in the liposomes of Kirpotin would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art since Kirpotin teaches that any ionizable drug can be used in the liposomes.

Applicant's arguments have been considered, but are deemed to be moot in view of these new rejections made based on applicant's amendments to the claims.

3. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any

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extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later

than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Gollamudi S Kishore, PhD whose telephone number is

703 308 2440. The examiner can normally be reached on 6:30 AM- 4 PM, alternate

Friday off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Thurman K Page can be reached on 703 308 2927. The fax phone number

for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or

proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703 308

1234.

Gollamudi S Kishore, PhD

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Primary Examiner

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GSK